

UNC13A and the risk of ALS in a Norwegian cohort

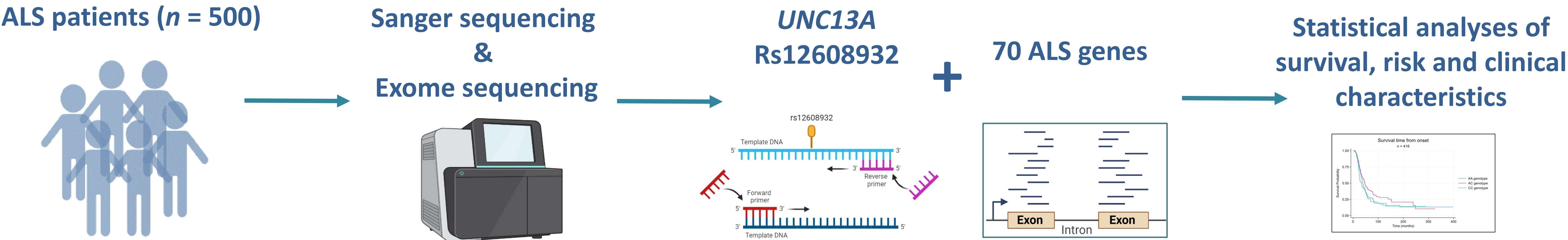
Camilla Novy,^{1,2} Øyvind L. Busk¹, Ole-Bjørn Tysnes,³ Trygve Holmøy,^{2,4} Øystein L. Holla,¹ and Helle Høyer^{1,2}

1 Department of Medical Genetics, Telemark Hospital Trust, Skien, Norway. 2 Faculty of Medicine, Institute of Clinical Medicine, University of Oslo, Oslo, Norway
3 Neuro-SysMed, Department of Neurology, Haukeland University Hospital, Bergen, Norway. 4 Department of Neurology, Akershus University Hospital, Lørenskog, Norway.

Introduction

- ✓ Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (ALS) is a fatal and progressive neurodegenerative disease.
- ✓ The rs12608932 variant (c.2473-324T>G) in *UNC13A* is a risk factor and modifier of the ALS phenotype due to cryptic exon inclusion.
- ✓ The CC genotype of the rs12608932 variant is linked to shorter survival, higher age at onset, and more frequently bulbar onset
- ✓ The rs12608932 variant occur at a high frequency (10%) in healthy individuals of European ancestry

Methods



Results : risk and survival

UNC13A rs12608932



Frequency in our ALS cohort: 0.438
Frequency in gnomAD: 0.365
Frequency in a Norwegian Database : 0.365

ALS risk (C-allele):
▪ Risk ratio: 1.4 (CI 1.2-1.5)

CI; confidence interval

Table 1: Risk of C-allele and CC-genotype of the *UNC13A* rs12608932 variant in both total ALS cases and the two sub-groups (no genetic variants and with genetic variants) compared to the frequency in gnomAD and a Norwegian database, respectively.

Risk of ALS with CC-genotype		GnomAD (n = 75771)		Norwegian database (n = 5871)	
	n (%)	Risk ratio	p-value	Risk ratio	p-value
Total ALS cases (n = 500)					
UNC13A ^{AA+AC}	399 (79.8)	1.6 (1.3-1.9)	0.0001	1.5 (1.2-1.8)	0.0003
UNC13A ^{CC}	101 (20.2)				
ALS cases (no genetic variants) (n = 416)					
UNC13A ^{AA+AC}	333 (80.0)	1.5 (1.2-2.0)	0.0004	1.5 (1.2-1.8)	0.0014
UNC13A ^{CC}	83 (20.0)				
ALS cases (with genetic variants) (n = 84)					
UNC13A ^{AA+AC}	66 (78.6)	1.7 (1.0-2.8)	0.0469	1.6 (1.0-2.7)	0.0612
UNC13A ^{CC}	18 (21.4)				

Risk of ALS with C-allele		GnomAD (AC = 151542)		Norwegian database (AC = 11742)	
	n (%)	Risk ratio	p-value	Risk ratio	p-value
Total ALS cases (AC = 1000)					
A-allele	562 (56.2)	1.4 (1.2-1.5)	< 0.0001	1.3 (1.2-1.5)	< 0.0001
C-allele	438 (43.8)				
ALS cases (no genetic variants) (AC = 832)					
A-allele	469 (56.4)	1.4 (1.2-1.5)	< 0.0001	1.3 (1.2-1.5)	< 0.0001
C-allele	363 (43.6)				
ALS cases (with genetic variants) (AC = 168)					
A-allele	93 (55.4)	1.4 (1.0-1.9)	0.0281	1.4 (1.0-1.9)	0.0304
C-allele	75 (44.6)				

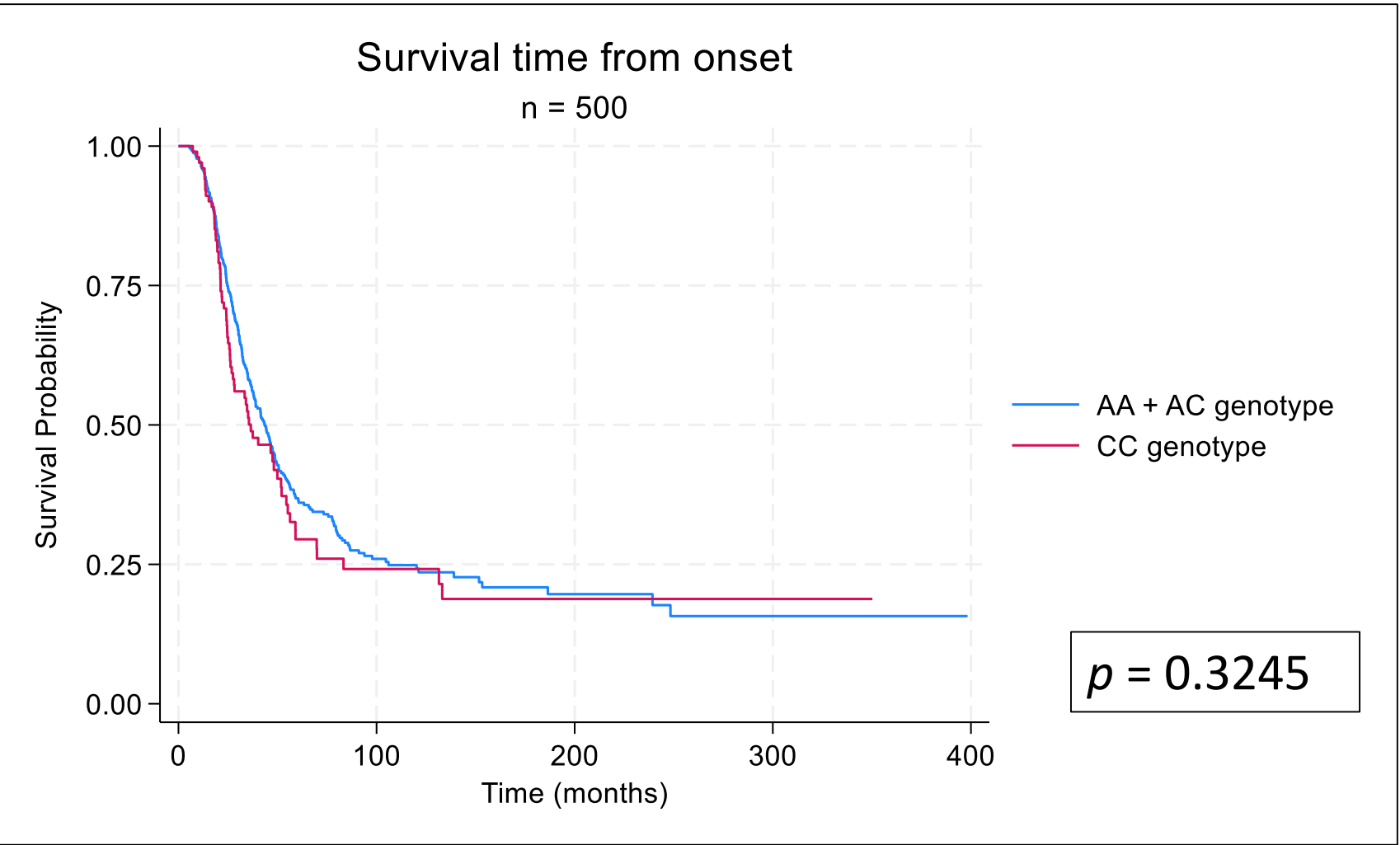


Figure 1: Survival months from onset comparing CC genotype and AA + AC genotype for the rs12608932 variant.

Results: clinical characteristics

Table 2: The association of clinical characteristics and the CC genotype compared to the AA + AC genotype in the two different sub-groups; with no genetic variant and with genetic variants.

	No genetic variants (n = 416)			With genetic variants (n = 84)		
	UNC13A ^{AA+AC} (n = 333) 80%	UNC13A ^{CC} (n = 83) 20%	p-value	UNC13A ^{AA+AC} (n= 66) 79%	UNC13A ^{CC} (n= 18) 21%	p-value
Age at onset, years						
Median (IQR)	66.0 (58-72)	66.8 (56-74)	0.6432	60.7 (51-69)	65.8 (51-70)	0.3598
Gender, n (%)						
Female	133 (39.9)	36 (43.4)	0.569	31 (47.0)	10 (55.6)	0.518
Male	200 (60.1)	47 (56.6)		35 (53.0)	8 (44.4)	
ALS family history, n (%)						
sALS	312 (93.7)	79 (95.2)	0.808	40 (60.6)	7 (38.9)	0.100
fALS	20 (6.0)	4 (4.8)		26 (39.4)	11 (61.1)	
Unknown	1 (0.3)	0 (0)		0 (0)	0 (0)	
Site of onset (n, %)						
Bulbar	81 (24.3)	33 (39.8)	0.006	13 (19.7)	4 (22.2)	0.783*
Spinal	215 (64.6)	41 (49.4)		45 (68.2)	11 (61.1)	
Both	37 (11.1)	8 (9.6)		8 (12.1)	3 (16.7)	
Unknown	0 (0)	1 (1.2)		0 (0)	0 (0)	
Motor neuron (n, %)						
Dominant upper motor neuron	10 (3.0)	1 (1.2)	0.011	0 (0.0)	1 (5.6)	0.186*
Dominant lower motor neuron	47 (14.1)	24 (28.9)		12 (18.2)	4 (22.2)	
Both	274 (82.3)	57 (68.7)		54 (81.8)	13 (72.2)	
Unknown	2 (0.6)	1 (1.2)		0 (0)	0 (0)	
Cognitive impairment (n, %)						
Yes	25 (7.5)	7 (8.4)	0.334	6 (9.1)	1 (5.6)	1.000*
No	293 (88.0)	69 (83.1)		58 (87.9)	17 (94.4)	
Unknown	15 (4.5)	7 (8.4)		2 (3.0)	0 (0)	

*Fisher exact test

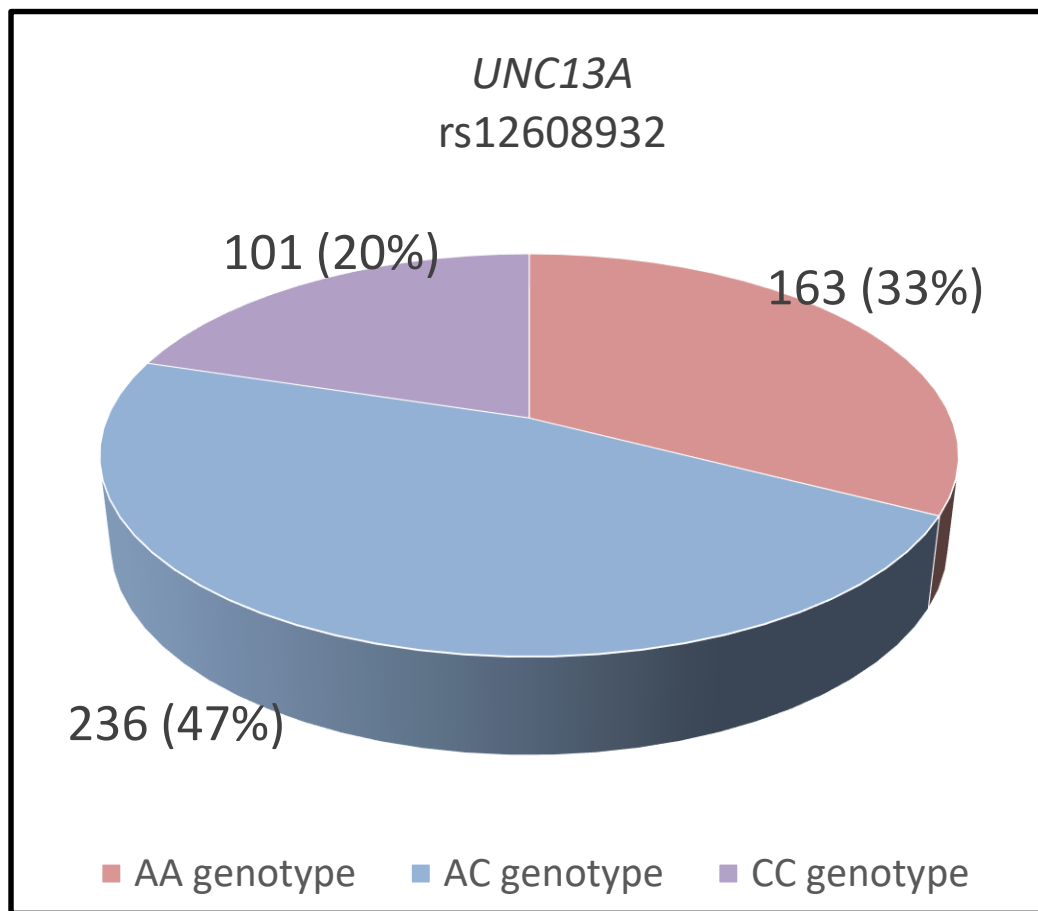
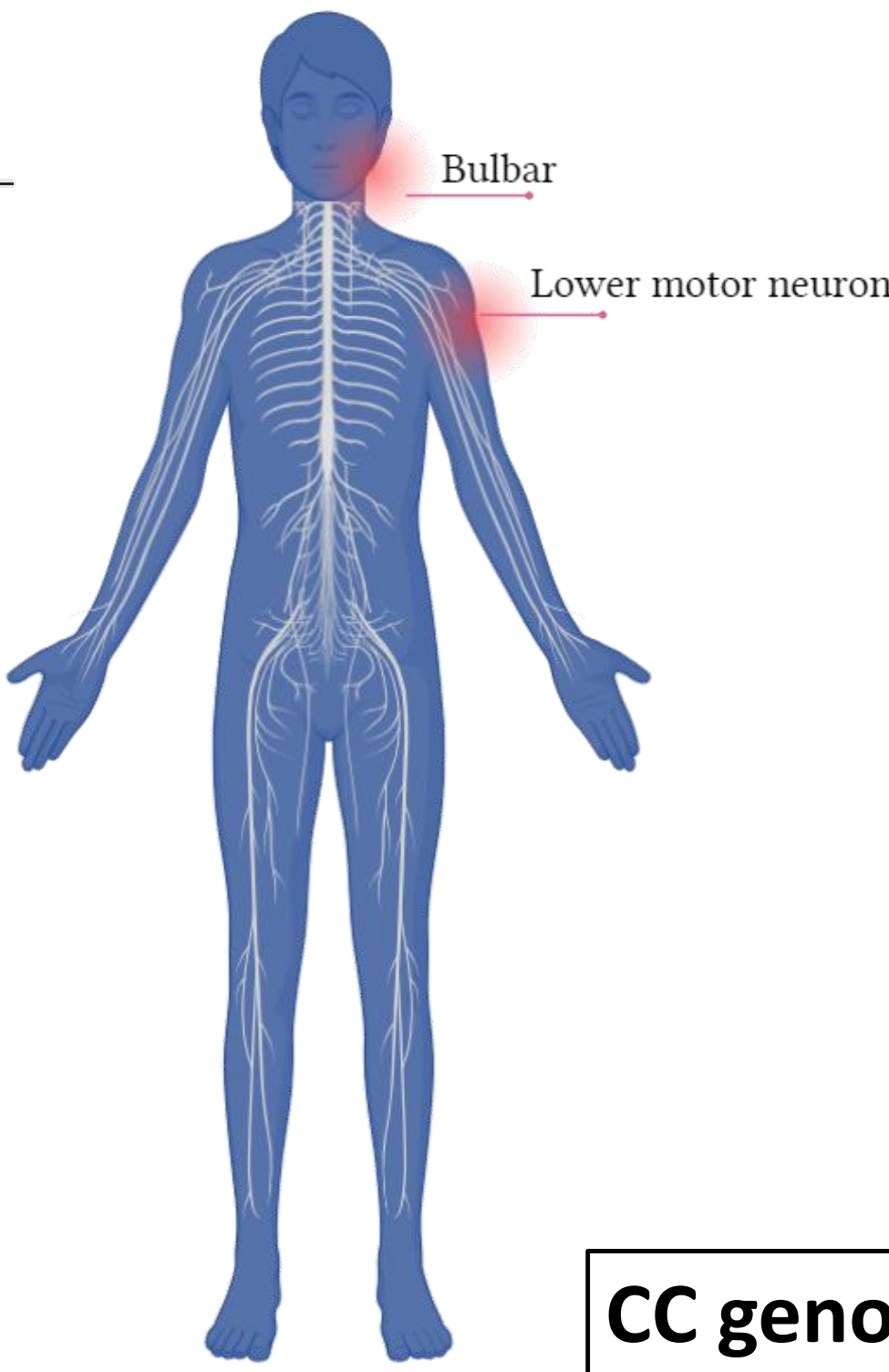


Figure 2: Distribution of the three genotypes for the *UNC13A* rs12608932 variant

CC genotype:

- Bulbar onset (p = 0.006)
- Dominant LMN manifestations (p = 0.011)

LMN; lower motor neuron

Conclusions

- ✓ The rs12608932 variant in *UNC13A* is associated with increased risk of ALS
- ✓ The CC genotype is associated with more frequently bulbar onset and dominant LMN manifestations
- ✓ The rs12608932 variant modify the phenotype solely in ALS cases lacking a known genetic basis

Presenting author:

Camilla Novy | PhD-candidate
Section of Medical Genetics
Telemark Hospital Trust
Skien, Norway
camnov@sthf.no | Phone: +47 35 00 31 46



The authors declare no conflicts of interest